according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

# **Carsystem Spotblender**

Version Revision Date: Date of last issue: 06.10.2023 2.2 DE / EN 24.06.2024 Date of first issue: 05.08.2022

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Carsystem Spotblender

Product code : 145.987

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Paints, Solvent

stance/Mixture

Recommended restrictions :

on use

: Industrial use, professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : JASA AG

Müslistrasse 43 8957 Spreitenbach

Schweiz

info@jasa-ag.ch, www.jasa-ag.ch

Telephone : +41 (0)44 431 60 70 Telefax : +41 (0)44 432 63 17

Responsible Department : Productmanagement, Tel: +41 (0)44 431 60 70, sds@jasa-ag.ch

1.4 Emergency telephone

Telephone : Tox Info Suisse (STIZ), Tel: 145

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Aerosols, Category 1 H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Central nervous

system

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :







Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

Buildup of explosive mixtures possible without

sufficient ventilation.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition

source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 Do not breathe spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face pro-

tection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously

with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rins-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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ing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

Storage:

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to tem-

peratures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved

facility in accordance with local, regional, national

and international regulations.

## Hazardous ingredients which must be listed on the label:

cyclohexanone ethyl acetate n-butyl acetate

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : aerosol Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
cyclohexanone	108-94-1 203-631-1 606-010-00-7 01-2119453616-35	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Acute toxicity esti-	>= 5 - < 10

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1	1	mate	_
ethyl acetate	141-78-6 205-500-4 607-022-00-5 01-2119475103-46	Acute oral toxicity: 1.890 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity (vapor): 11 mg/l Acute dermal toxicity: 1.100 mg/kg Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) EUH066	>= 5 - < 10
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4 204-658-1 607-025-00-1 01-2119485493-29	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) EUH066	>= 5 - < 10
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6 203-603-9 607-195-00-7 01-2119475791-29	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system)	>= 5 - < 10
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Not Assigned 905-588-0 01-2119486136-34, 01-2119488216-32, 01-2119539452-40	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373 Asp. Tox. 1; H304  specific concentration limit STOT RE 2 >= 10 %	>= 5 - < 10
Substances with a workplace expo	115-10-6 204-065-8 603-019-00-8	Flam. Gas 1A; H220 Press. Gas Compr. Gas; H280	>= 50 - < 75
isopentyl acetate	01-2119472128-37 123-92-2 204-662-3 607-130-00-2 01-2119548408-32	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 EUH066	>= 1 - < 2,5

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General advice : First aider needs to protect himself.

Remove from exposure, lie down.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse imme-

diately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least

15 minutes.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Swallowing is not regarded as a possible method for expo-

sure.

Immediately give large quantities of water to drink.

Call a physician immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry powder Water spray jet Alcohol-resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

fighting

High volume water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire

fire : Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Build-up of dangerous/toxic fumes possible in cases of

fire/high temperature.

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Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocar-

bons (smoke).

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Use personal protective equipment. Wear suitable respiratory

protection equipment.

Further information : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Wear personal protective equipment.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Should not be released into the environment.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Ventilate the area.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8., For disposal considerations see section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Local/Total ventilation : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Pressurized container: Protect from sunlight and do not ex-

pose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122 °F. Also after use,

do not open with force or burn.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Advice on protection against : Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

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fire and explosion Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Hygiene measures : Do not inhale aerosol.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Please observe the storage instructions for aerosols! Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Keep away from direct sunlight. Keep away from heat and

sources of ignition.

Further information on stor-

age conditions

Storage must be in accordance with the BetrSichV (Germany).

Advice on common storage : Keep away from food and drink.

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 2B

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
dimethyl ether	115-10-6	TWA	1.000 ppm 1.920 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further inform	nation: Indicative		
		AGW	1.000 ppm 1.900 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900
	Peak-limit cat	egory: 8;(II)		
		MAK	1.000 ppm 1.900 mg/m3	DE DFG MAK
	the embryo or	foetus, including de	re no data for an assessmen velopmental neurotoxicity, or r classification in one of the o	r the currently
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	TWA	10 ppm 40,8 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		STEL	20 ppm 81,6 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			ce through the
		AGW	20 ppm	DE TRGS

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	Í	I	80 mg/m3	900	
	Peak-limit ca	tegory: 1:(I)	80 mg/m3	900	
		<u> </u>	tion. When there is complia	nce with the OFI	
	Further information: Skin absorption, When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child				
ethyl acetate	141-78-6	STEL	400 ppm	2017/164/EU	
			1.468 mg/m3		
	Further inforn	nation: Indicative			
		TWA	200 ppm	2017/164/EU	
	E	C I . P C .	734 mg/m3		
	Further inforr	nation: Indicative	200	DE TROC	
		AGW	200 ppm 730 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900	
	Peak-limit ca	tegory: 2:(1)	730 mg/m3	900	
			is compliance with the OEL	and higherical	
			of harming the unborn child		
	toloranoo van	MAK	200 ppm	DE DFG MAK	
			750 mg/m3		
	Further inforn	nation: Damage to	the embryo or foetus is unlik	kely when the	
		r the BAT value is c		,	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	STEL	150 ppm	2019/1831/E	
			723 mg/m3	U	
	Further inform	nation: Indicative			
		TWA	50 ppm	2019/1831/E	
			241 mg/m3	U	
	Further information: Indicative				
		AGW	62 ppm	DE TRGS	
	Deal Park	(1)	300 mg/m3	900	
	Peak-limit ca		is sometimes with the OFI	امما اممام	
			is compliance with the OEL of harming the unborn child		
	tolerance van	MAK	100 ppm	DE DFG MAK	
		IVIAIX	480 mg/m3	DE DI GIVIAR	
	Further inform	nation: Damage to	the embryo or foetus is unlik	kely when the	
		r the BAT value is c		10.9 11.10.11 11.10	
2-methoxy-1-	108-65-6	STEL	100 ppm	2000/39/EC	
methylethyl ace-			550 mg/m3		
tate					
			e possibility of significant up	take through the	
	skin, Indicativ	_			
		TWA	50 ppm	2000/39/EC	
			275 mg/m3		
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the				
	skin, Indicativ		50 000	DE TROC	
		AGW	50 ppm	DE TRGS	
	Peak-limit category: 1;(I)				
			is compliance with the OEL	and hiological	
			of harming the unborn child		
	1212121100 7411	MAK	50 ppm	DE DFG MAK	
			270 mg/m3		
	Further inforn	nation: Damage to	the embryo or foetus is unlik	kely when the	

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	MAK value or the BAT value is observed			
isopentyl acetate	123-92-2	TWA	50 ppm	2000/39/EC
			270 mg/m3	
	Further inform	nation: Indicative		
		STEL	100 ppm	2000/39/EC
			540 mg/m3	
	Further information: Indicative			
		AGW	50 ppm	DE TRGS
			270 mg/m3	900
	Peak-limit car	tegory: 1;(I)		
		MAK	50 ppm	DE DFG MAK
			270 mg/m3	
	Further information: Either there are no data for an assessment of damage to			
	the embryo o	the embryo or foetus, including developmental neurotoxicity, or the currently		
	available data are not sufficient for classification in one of the groups A - C			

# Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Routes of expo- sure	Potential health effects	Value
cyclohexanone	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects, Long-term local effects	40 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects, Acute local effects	80 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects, Acute systemic effects	4 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	10 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects, Long-term local effects	20 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	40 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects, Acute systemic effects	1 mg/kg
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects, Acute systemic effects	1,5 mg/kg
ethyl acetate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects, Long-term local effects	734 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects, Acute local effects	1468 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	63 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects, Long-term local effects	367 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic ef-	734 mg/m3

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			fects, Acute local effects	
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	37 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	4,5 mg/kg bw/day
n-butyl acetate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects, Long-term local effects	300 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic ef- fects	600 mg/m3
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects, Acute systemic effects	11 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects, Long-term local effects	35,7 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic ef- fects	300 mg/m3
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects, Acute systemic effects	6 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects, Acute systemic effects	2 mg/kg bw/day
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	275 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	796 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	33 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	320 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	36 mg/kg bw/day
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	77 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	180 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	15 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	125 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	1,6 mg/kg bw/day

# Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

	. ,	•
Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
cyclohexanone	Fresh water	0,033 mg/l
	Sea water	0,003 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	10 mg/l

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	Fresh water sediment	0,249 mg/kg
	Sea sediment	0,025 mg/kg
	Soil	0,03 mg/kg
ethyl acetate	Fresh water	0,24 mg/l
,	Sea water	0,024 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	1,15 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Sea sediment	0,115 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	650 mg/l
	Soil	0,148 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	200 mg/kg food
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0,18 mg/l
	Sea water	0,018 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,981 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Sea sediment	0,098 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	35,6 mg/l
	Soil	0,09 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water	0,635 mg/l
	Sea water	0,064 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	100 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	3,29 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Sea sediment	0,329 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Soil	0,29 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Fresh water	0,327 mg/l
	Sea water	0,327 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	6,58 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	12,46 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Sea sediment	12,46 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

# Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Hand protection

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Material} & : & \text{butyl-rubber} \\ \text{Break through time} & : & > 480 \text{ min} \\ \text{Glove thickness} & : & >= 0,4 \text{ mm} \\ \end{array}$ 

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Directive : DIN EN 374
Protective index : Class 6

Remarks : The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on

its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other. The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this

has to be observed. Preventive skin protection

Skin and body protection : Please wear suitable protective clothing, e.g. made of cotton

or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.

Long sleeved clothing

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally re-

quired.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure

limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Filter type : Filter type A-P

Protective measures : Use only with adequate ventilation.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

Soil : Avoid subsoil penetration.

Water : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : aerosol

Color : transparent

Odor : characteristic

Melting point/freezing point : not determined

Initial boiling point and boiling :

range

Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

26,2 %(V)

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Lower explosion limit / Lower : 3,3 %(V)

flammability limit

Flash point Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : 240 °C

рΗ not determined substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic not determined

Viscosity, kinematic : not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility immiscible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

not determined

Vapor pressure 4.000 hPa (20 °C)

Density 0,7 g/cm3 (20 °C)

9.2 Other information

**Explosives** Not explosive

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if used as directed.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

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10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Strong sunlight for prolonged periods.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Build-up of dangerous/toxic fumes possible in cases of fire/high temperature.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified due to lack of data.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Calculation method

Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

**Components:** 

cyclohexanone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 1.890 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 11 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Method: Acute toxicity estimate according to Regulation (EC)

No. 1272/2008

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1.100 mg/kg

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Method: Acute toxicity estimate according to Regulation (EC)

No. 1272/2008

ethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 4.934 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat): 22,5 mg/l, > 6000 ppm

Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 20.000 mg/kg

n-butyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 10.760 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 21 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): 14.112 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 6.190 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.523 - 4.000 mg/kg

Method: EC Directive 92/69/EEC B.1 Acute Toxicity (Oral)

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male): 6350 - 6700 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.2

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): 12.126 mg/kg

isopentyl acetate:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rabbit): 7.400 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

**Components:** 

cyclohexanone:

Result : Skin irritation

ethyl acetate:

Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:** 

cyclohexanone:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

Result : Moderate eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified due to lack of data.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified due to lack of data.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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**Components:** 

cyclohexanone:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

n-butyl acetate:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Routes of exposure : Oral

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

**Components:** 

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

11.2 Information on other hazards

**Endocrine disrupting properties** 

**Product:** 

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

**Components:** 

cyclohexanone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 527 - 732

mg/l

End point: mortality Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

ethyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 230 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 610 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): 650 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: > 9,65 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 2,4 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

n-butyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish : (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 18 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 44 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 647,7 mg/l

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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plants Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 23 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 130 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.2

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

1.000 ma/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 47,5 mg/l Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 204

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: >= 100 mg/lExposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

LC50 (Fish): 2,6 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia dubia (Water flea)): 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (algae): 1,3 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (algae): 0,44 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50 (Bacteria): 96 mg/l

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: > 1,3 mg/l Exposure time: 56 d

Species: Fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0,96 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity : This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

#### **Components:**

cyclohexanone:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 90 - 100 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

ethyl acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 79 %

Related to: Biochemical oxygen demand

Exposure time: 20 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

n-butyl acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 83 % Exposure time: 28 d

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 90 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

#### **Components:**

cyclohexanone:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 0,86 (25 °C)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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octanol/water

ethyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0,68 (25 °C)

n-butyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2,3 (25 °C)

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 1,2 (20 °C)

octanol/water pH: 6,8

Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 25,9

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 3,2 (20 °C)

dimethyl ether:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0,07 (25 °C)

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:** 

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

**Product:** 

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

#### **Product:**

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Additional ecological infor-

mation

No data available

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are

not product specific, but application specific.

Dispose of in conjunction with appropriate waste disposal authorities and in accordance with disposal regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Waste Code : The following Waste Codes are only suggestions:

08 01 11, waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents

or other hazardous substances 150104, metallic packaging

15 01 10, packaging containing residues of or contaminated

by hazardous substances

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : UN 1950
ADR : UN 1950
RID : UN 1950
IMDG : UN 1950
IATA : UN 1950

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : AEROSOLS
ADR : AEROSOLS
RID : AEROSOLS
IMDG : AEROSOLS

IATA : Aerosols, flammable

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

 ADN
 : 2
 2.1

 ADR
 : 2
 2.1

 RID
 : 2
 2.1

**IMDG** : 2.1

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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**IATA** : 2.1

14.4 Packing group

**ADN** 

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 5F Labels : 2.1

**ADR** 

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 5F Labels : 2.1 Tunnel restriction code : (D)

**RID** 

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 5F Hazard Identification Number : 23 Labels : 2.1

**IMDG** 

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1 EmS Code : F-D, S-U

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 203

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y203

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Flammable Gas

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen: 203

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y203

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Flammable Gas

14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADN** 

Environmentally hazardous : no

•

**ADR** 

Environmentally hazardous : no

rid

Environmentally hazardous : no

**IMDG** 

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII) : Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 75

If you intend to use this product as tattoo ink, please contact your ven-

dor.

isopentyl acetate (Number on list 3)

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorization (Article 59).

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollu-

tants (recast)

Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

P3a

FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS

Water hazard class (Germa-

ny)

WGK 2 obviously hazardous to water

Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1 (5.2)

Volatile organic compounds : Directive 2004/42/EC

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: < 840 g/l VOC content for the product in a ready to use condition.

#### Other regulations:

Take note of Law on the protection of mothers at work, in education and in studies (Maternity Protection Act - MuSchG).

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment according to (EC) regulation 1907/2006 (REACH) has not been carried out for this product.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H220 : Extremely flammable gas.

H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H226 : Flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 : Harmful in contact with skin. H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H318 : Causes serious eye damage. H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation. H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

EUH066 : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity
Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Gas : Flammable gases
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Press. Gas : Gases under pressure

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

2017/164/EU : Europe. Commission Directive 2017/164/EU establishing a

fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values Europe. Commission Directive 2019/1831/EU establishing a

2019/1831/EU : Europe. Commission Directive 2019/1831/EU establish fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

DE DFG MAK : Germany. MAK BAT Annex IIa

DE TRGS 900 : Germany. TRGS 900 - Occupational exposure limit values.

2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit 2017/164/EU / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2019/1831/EU / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2019/1831/EU / STEL : Short term exposure limit value - eight hours 2019/1831/EU / STEL : Short term exposure limit

DE DFG MAK / MAK : MAK value

DE TRGS 900 / AGW : Time Weighted Average

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ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

#### Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Aerosol 1	H222, H229	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1	H318	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H336	Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

DE / EN

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